

# The classification of two-dimensional extended conformal field theories

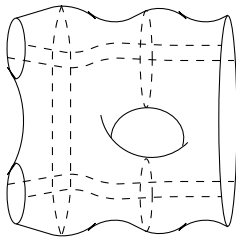
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Quantum Field Theory and Topological Phases via Homotopy  
Theory and Operator Algebras

CMSA, July 11, 2025

These slides: <https://dmitripavlov.org/cmsa.pdf>

arXiv:2011.01208, arXiv:2111.01095 (joint with Daniel Grady)  
+ work in progress



# Main theorem: conformal field theory

## Theorem

*The following categories are equivalent:*

- *extended conformal field theories;*
- *Serre-twisted homotopy coherent reps of  $\mathbf{R}^2 \rtimes \widetilde{\text{Conf}}(2)$ .*

*Notation:*

- $\widetilde{\text{Conf}}(2)$ : *the universal covering of  $\text{Conf}(2)$ .*
- $\text{Conf}(2)$ :  $z \mapsto \sum_{k \geq 1} a_k z^k$ ,  $a_1 \neq 0$ , *convergent with  $R > 0$ , group operation: composition.*
- *Serre-twisted: restricting to  $\mathbf{Z} \subset \widetilde{\text{Conf}}(2) \subset \mathbf{R}^2 \rtimes \widetilde{\text{Conf}}(2)$  yields powers of Serre automorphisms.*
- *Example: Serre automorphisms are trivial*  
 $\rightsquigarrow$  *homotopy coherent representations of  $\mathbf{R}^2 \rtimes \text{Conf}(2)$ .*

**Variants:** Twisted/relative, chiral, 2|1-Euclidean.

# Features of the geometric bordism category

- **Locality** (Freed, Lawrence):  $k$ -bordisms with corners of all codimensions (up to  $d$ ) with compositions in  $d$  directions  
⇒ symmetric monoidal  **$d$ -category** of bordisms
- **Isotopy** (Costello, Hopkins, Lurie): chain complexes to encode BV-BRST  
⇒ must encode (higher) diffeomorphisms between bordisms  
⇒ symmetric monoidal  **$(\infty, d)$ -categories**
- **Geometric** (nontopological) structures on bordisms (Segal, Stolz, Teichner): Riemannian/Lorentzian metrics, complex/conformal/symplectic/contact structures, principal  $G$ -bundles with connection and isos, **higher** gauge fields (**Kalb–Ramond**, **Ramond–Ramond**)  
⇒ an  $(\infty, 1)$ -sheaf of **geometric structures**
- **Smoothness** (Stolz, Teichner): values of field theories depend smoothly (or holomorphically, super, ...) on bordisms  
⇒  **$(\infty, 1)$ -sheaf** of  **$(\infty, d)$ -categories** of bordisms

# Ingredients of the classification

- 1 **Locality** of extended functorial field theories  
(arXiv:2011.01208)  
( $\rightsquigarrow$  reduction to simpler geometric structures)
- 2 **Relative** geometric cobordism hypothesis (arXiv:2111.01095)  
(handles of index  $\leq k - 1 \rightsquigarrow$  handles of index  $\leq k$ )
- 3 1 and 2  $\Rightarrow$  geometric cobordism hypothesis

$$\mathbf{R} \operatorname{Map}(\mathfrak{Bord}_d^{\mathcal{S}}, \mathcal{V}) \simeq \mathbf{R} \operatorname{Map}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{V}_d^{fd, \times}),$$

(topological case: Lurie, 2009)

- 4 (P.) A computation of the right side for 2-dimensional CFTs  
(Quillen Theorem A, Thomason's theorem, Riemann mapping theorem).

# Other applications of GCH

- (Grady–P.) [Invertible](#) geometric FFTs are classified by the [geometric Madsen–Tillmann spectrum](#). (Previous work: Galatius–Madsen–Tillmann–Weiss, Bökstedt–Madsen, Schommer-Pries.)
- (Grady–P.) A conjecture of Stolz and Teichner: concordance classes of extended FFTs have a classifying space. (Proof: Locality + the [smooth Oka principle](#) (Berwick-Evans–Boavida de Brito–P.).
- (P.) Classification of  $2|1$ -Euclidean field theories.
- (Grady) Classification of deformation classes of reflection positive invertible [geometric](#) FFTs (Conjecture 8.37 in *Reflection positivity and invertible topological phases* by Freed–Hopkins)

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[Thank you!](#)

# Main theorem 2: $2|1$ -Euclidean field theory

## Theorem

*The following smooth  $\infty$ -categories are equivalent:*

- *extended  $2|1$ -Euclidean field theories;*
- *Serre-twisted homotopy coherent representations of the Lie supergroup  $\widetilde{\text{Euc}}(2|1)$  on a 2-dualizable object.*

*Notation:*

- $\widetilde{\text{Euc}}(2|1)$ : *the universal covering of  $\text{Euc}(2|1) = \mathbf{R}^{2|1} \rtimes \text{Spin}(2)$ .*
- *Serre-twisted: restricting to  $\mathbf{Z} \subset \widetilde{\text{Euc}}(2|1)$  yields Serre automorphisms.*
- *Serre automorphisms trivial  $\implies$  representations of  $\text{Euc}(2|1)$ .*

# What is functorial field theory?

Want to study integrals of the form

$$\int_{\varphi} \exp(i\hbar^{-1} S(\varphi)) \in \mathbf{C}.$$

- $X$ : **spacetime**; e.g.,  $\mathbf{R}^4$
- $\mathcal{F}: E \rightarrow X$ : **field bundle**; e.g.,  $\mathbf{R} \times X \rightarrow X$
- $\varphi$ : **field**: section of  $\mathcal{F}: E \rightarrow X$ ; e.g.,  $\varphi \in C^\infty(X)$  (scalar field)
- $S: \Gamma_{\mathcal{F}}(X) \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ : **action functional**.

What kind of manifold is the spacetime  $X$ ?

- Closed manifold.
- More generally:  $X$  is compact with boundary  $\partial X = M_0 \sqcup M_1$ ; write  $X: M_0 \rightarrow M_1$ , i.e.,  $X$  is a **bordism** from  $M_0$  to  $M_1$ .



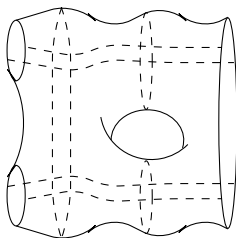
# Quantum propagators and Segal gluing

$$\int_{\varphi} \exp(i\hbar^{-1}S(\varphi)) \in \mathbf{C}, \quad \varphi \in \Gamma_{\mathcal{F}}(X), \quad X: M_0 \rightarrow M_1.$$

- For fixed  $\alpha_i = \varphi|_{M_i} \in \Gamma_{\mathcal{F}}(M_i)$ , get  $K(\alpha_1, \alpha_0) = \int_{\varphi} \in \mathbf{C}$ .
- $K$  is the integral kernel of an operator  $F(X): F(M_0) \rightarrow F(M_1)$  (**propagator**).
- Here  $F(M_i) = \mathcal{O}(\Gamma_{\mathcal{F}}(M_i))$  (**space of states**).
- Fubini property (**Segal gluing**): if  $X_1: M_0 \rightarrow M_1$ ,  $X_2: M_1 \rightarrow M_2$ , then  $F(X_2 \sqcup_{M_1} X_1) = F(X_2) \circ F(X_1)$ .

$$\int_{\varphi} \exp(i\hbar^{-1}S(\varphi)) = \int_{\alpha_1} \int_{\varphi_1} \int_{\varphi_2} \exp(i\hbar^{-1}(S(\varphi_1) + S(\varphi_2)))$$

# How to compose bordisms



# Axioms for quantum propagators in the Schrödinger picture

$\mathcal{F}: E \rightarrow X$  (**field bundle**);  $F(M) = \mathcal{O}(\Gamma_{\mathcal{F}}(M))$  (**space of states**)

$$\begin{aligned} F(M \sqcup N) &= \mathcal{O}(\Gamma_{\mathcal{F}}(M \sqcup N)) \cong \mathcal{O}(\Gamma_{\mathcal{F}}(M) \oplus \Gamma_{\mathcal{F}}(N)) \\ &\cong \mathcal{O}(\Gamma_{\mathcal{F}}(M)) \otimes \mathcal{O}(\Gamma_{\mathcal{F}}(N)) = F(M) \otimes F(N). \end{aligned}$$

- Segal gluing (Fubini):  $F(X_2 \sqcup_{M_1} X_1) = F(X_2) \circ F(X_1)$ .
- Monoidality:  $F(M \sqcup N) \cong F(M) \otimes F(N)$ .
- Segal (following Feynman, Witten): axiomatize Fubini and monoidality as a **symmetric monoidal functor** (i.e., a **functorial field theory**)

$$F: \text{Bord} \rightarrow \text{Vect}.$$

- Bord: objects:  $(d-1)$ -manifolds  $M$ ; morphisms: bordisms  $X: M_0 \rightarrow M_1$ .
- Vect: objects: vector spaces; morphisms: linear maps.

## Definition

Given  $d \geq 0$ , the site  $\mathbf{FEmb}_d$  has

- Objects: submersions  $T \rightarrow U$  with  $d$ -dimensional fibers, where  $U \cong \mathbf{R}^n$  is a cartesian manifold;
- Morphisms: commutative squares with  $T \rightarrow T'$  a fiberwise open embedding over a smooth map  $U \rightarrow U'$ ;
- Covering families: open covers on total spaces  $T$ .

# Geometric structures

## Definition

Given  $d \geq 0$ , the site  $\mathbf{FEmb}_d$  has

- Objects: submersions with  $d$ -dimensional fibers;
- Morphisms: fiberwise open embeddings;
- Covering families: open covers on total spaces  $T$ .

## Definition (Nijenhuis 1958)

Given  $d \geq 0$ , a  $d$ -dimensional **geometric structure** is a **simplicial presheaf**  $\mathcal{S}: \mathbf{FEmb}_d^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{sSet}$ .

## Example

- $T \rightarrow U \mapsto$  the **set** of **fiberwise** Riemannian metrics on  $T \rightarrow U$ ;
- $(T \rightarrow T', U \rightarrow U') \mapsto$  the restriction map from  $T'$  to  $T$ .

# Examples of geometric structures

- **topological structures** (i.e., isotopy-invariant): orientations, spin structures, framings, etc. (**TQFT** as studied by Atiyah, Kontsevich, Reshetikhin, Turaev, Viro, Freed, Lawrence, Quinn, Hopkins, Lurie, ...);
- **fiberwise** Riemannian, Lorentzian, pseudo-Riemannian metrics; positive/negative sectional/Ricci curvature;
- **fiberwise** conformal, complex, symplectic, contact, Kähler structures;
- **fiberwise** foliations, possibly with transversal metrics;
- smooth map to a **target manifold**  $M$  (**traditional  $\sigma$ -model**);
- smooth map to an **orbifold** or  $\infty$ -sheaf on manifolds;
- **fiberwise** étale map or an open embedding into a target manifold  $N$ ;
- **fiberwise** differential  $n$ -forms (possibly closed).

# Examples of geometric structures: gauge transformations

## Definition

- Send a  $d$ -manifold  $M$  to (the nerve of) the **groupoid**  $B_{\nabla} G(M)$ :
  - Objects: principal  $G$ -bundles on  $T$  with a **fiberwise** connection on  $T \rightarrow U$  (**gauge fields**);
  - Morphisms: connection-preserving isomorphisms (**gauge transformations**).

# Examples of geometric structures: (higher) gauge transformations

- Principal  $G$ -bundles with connection on  $M$  (gauge fields, e.g., the electromagnetic field);
- Bundle gerbe with connection on  $M$  (B-field, Kalb–Ramond field).
- Bundle 2-gerbe with connection on  $M$  (supergravity C-field).
- Bundle  $(d - 1)$ -gerbes with connection on  $M$  (Deligne cohomology, Cheeger–Simons characters, ordinary differential cohomology, circle  $d$ -bundles).
- Geometric tangential structures: geometric  $\text{Spin}^c$ -structure, String (Waldorf), Fivebrane (Sati–Schreiber–Stasheff), Ninebrane (Sati). (Vanishing of anomaly.)
- differential K-theory (Ramond–Ramond field). Requires  $\infty$ -groupoids.



# The geometric cobordism hypothesis

Ingredients:

- A dimension  $d \geq 0$ .
- A smooth symmetric monoidal  $(\infty, d)$ -category  $\mathcal{V}$  of values.
- A  $d$ -dimensional geometric structure  $\mathcal{S}: \mathbf{FEmb}_d^{\mathrm{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{sSet}$ .

Constructions:

- The smooth symmetric monoidal  $(\infty, d)$ -category of bordisms  $\mathfrak{Bord}_d^{\mathcal{S}}$  with geometric structure  $\mathcal{S}$ .
- A  $d$ -dimensional functorial field theory valued in  $\mathcal{V}$  with geometric structure  $\mathcal{S}$  is a smooth symmetric monoidal  $(\infty, d)$ -functor  $\mathfrak{Bord}_d^{\mathcal{S}} \rightarrow \mathcal{V}$ .
- The simplicial set of  $d$ -dimensional functorial field theories valued in  $\mathcal{V}$  with geometric structure  $\mathcal{S}$  is the derived mapping simplicial set

$$\mathbf{FFT}_{d, \mathcal{V}}(\mathcal{S}) = \mathbf{RMap}(\mathfrak{Bord}_d^{\mathcal{S}}, \mathcal{V}).$$

Can be refined to a derived internal hom.

# The geometric cobordism hypothesis

Conjectures (for [topological](#) field theories):

- Freed, Lawrence (1992):  $\mathrm{FFT}_{d,\mathcal{V}}$  is an  $\infty$ -sheaf.
- Baez–Dolan (1995), Hopkins–Lurie (2008):

$$\mathrm{FFT}_{d,\mathcal{V}}(\mathcal{S}) \simeq \mathbf{R}\mathrm{Map}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{V}^\times).$$

$\mathcal{V}^\times$ : fully dualizable objects and invertible morphisms.

# The geometric cobordism hypothesis

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 $\mathrm{FFT}_{d,\mathcal{V}}(\mathcal{S}) \simeq \mathbf{R} \mathrm{Map}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{V}^\times).$

Theorem (Grady–P., The geometric cobordism hypothesis)

*Part I (Locality):  $\mathfrak{Bord}_d$  is a **left adjoint functor**:*

$$\mathbf{R} \mathrm{Map}(\mathfrak{Bord}_d^{\mathcal{S}}, \mathcal{V}) \simeq \mathbf{R} \mathrm{Map}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{V}^\times),$$

where  $\mathcal{V}_d^\times = \mathrm{FFT}_{d,\mathcal{V}}$ , i.e.,  $\mathcal{V}_d^\times(T \rightarrow U) = \mathrm{FFT}_{d,\mathcal{V}}(T \rightarrow U)$ .

*Part II (Framed GCH): The evaluation-at-points map*

$$\mathcal{V}_d^\times(\mathbf{R}^d \times U \rightarrow U) = \mathrm{FFT}_{d,\mathcal{V}}(\mathbf{R}^d \times U \rightarrow U) \rightarrow \mathcal{V}^\times(U)$$

*is a **weak equivalence** of simplicial sets **functorial in  $U$** .*

# Computing with GCH

- How to compute  $\mathcal{V}_d^\times$ ?
- How to compute  $\mathbf{R} \text{Map}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{V}_d^\times)$ ?

# Computing with GCH

- How to compute  $\mathcal{V}_d^\times$ ?
  - Simplicial presheaves and sheaf cohomology
  - Integration; differential forms; de Rham theory
  - Need to be done only once per choice of  $\mathcal{V}$ ; precomputed results exist
- How to compute  $\mathbf{R} \operatorname{Map}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{V}_d^\times)$ ?
  - Homotopy colimits; Quillen Theorem A; Thomason's theorem
  - Simplicial presheaves and sheaf cohomology
  - Natural operations in differential geometry (Kolář–Michor–Slovák)
  - Homotopy coherent representation theory of (higher) Lie groups

# Computing $\mathcal{V}_d^\times$

- Already know  $\mathcal{V}_d^\times(\mathbf{R}^d \times U \rightarrow U) \simeq \mathcal{V}^\times(U)$ , functorial in  $U \in \mathbf{Cart}$ .
- What are the structure maps for functoriality in  $\mathbf{FEmb}_d$ ?
- Step 1: Guess a map  $\mathcal{W} \rightarrow \mathcal{V}_d^\times$ .
- Step 2: For every  $U$ , prove  $\mathcal{W}(\mathbf{R}^d \times U \rightarrow U) \rightarrow \mathcal{V}_d^\times(\mathbf{R}^d \times U \rightarrow U) \rightarrow \mathcal{V}^\times(U)$  is a weak equivalence.

## Example ( $\mathcal{V} = \mathbf{B}^d \mathbf{U}(1)$ ; prequantum FFTs)

- Step 1a:  $\mathcal{W}(\mathbf{R}^d \times U \rightarrow U) = U\Gamma(\Omega_U^d(\mathbf{R}^d \times U) \leftarrow \cdots \leftarrow \Omega_U^1(\mathbf{R}^d \times U) \leftarrow C^\infty(\mathbf{R}^d \times U, \mathbf{U}(1)))$ .
- Step 1b:  $\mathcal{W} \rightarrow \mathcal{V}_d^\times: \omega \mapsto (B \mapsto \exp(\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_B \omega))$ .
- Step 2: Poincaré lemma:  
 $\mathcal{W}(\mathbf{R}^d \times U \rightarrow U) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbf{B}^d C^\infty(U, \mathbf{U}(1))$

# How to compute $\mathbf{R} \operatorname{Map}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{W})$ ?

Two main options:

- Use the theory of natural operations, working on the site  $\mathbf{FEmb}_d$ .  
**Examples:** differential characteristic classes yield prequantum field theories.
- Use an adjunction to switch to a different category:  $\mathbf{Fun}(\mathbf{Cart}^{\mathrm{op}}, \mathbf{sSet}^{\mathbf{O}(d)})$ .  
**Examples:** classification of conformal or Euclidean field theories.

# Categories of geometric structures

## Proposition

*The functors  $q^*$  and  $\iota^*$  are right Quillen equivalences.*

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} Sh(\mathbf{FEmb}_d) & \xleftarrow{\rho^*} & Sh(\mathfrak{FEmb}_d) & \xrightarrow{\iota^*} & Sh(\mathbf{Cart})^{O(d)} \\ q^* \downarrow & & q^* \downarrow & \nearrow \iota^* & \\ Sh(\mathbf{FEmbCart}_d) & \xleftarrow{\rho^*} & Sh(\mathfrak{FEmbCart}_d) & & \end{array}$$

- $Sh(C)$ : simplicial presheaves on  $C$ , Čech-local model structure
- $\mathfrak{FEmb}_d$ : like  $\mathbf{FEmb}_d$ , but enriched in spaces
- $\mathbf{FEmbCart}_d$ : full subcategory of  $\mathbf{FEmb}_d$  on  $D_U := (\mathbf{R}^d \times U \rightarrow U)$
- $\mathfrak{FEmbCart}_d$ : equivalent to  $\mathbf{Cart} \times \mathbf{BO}(d)$  by  $C^\infty$  Kister–Mazur



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The functor  $\rho_!$  adds “rank  $d$  homotopies / isotopies” to a geometric structure.

$d$ -dimensional holonomy is invariant under rank  $d$  homotopies.

$d = 1$ : Kobayashi, Barrett, Caetano–Picken

$d > 1$ : Bunke–Turner–Willerton, Picken, Mackaay–Picken

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 q^* \downarrow & & q^* \downarrow & \nearrow \iota^* & \\
 Sh(\mathbf{FEmbCart}_d) & \xleftarrow{\rho^*} & Sh(\mathfrak{FEmbCart}_d) & & 
 \end{array}$$

Recipe to compute  $\mathbf{R} \operatorname{Map}(\mathcal{S}, \rho^* \mathcal{V}_d^\times)$ .

- Use  $q^*$  to move to  $\mathbf{FEmbCart}_d / \mathfrak{FEmbCart}_d$ . (Suppressed from the notation.)
- $\mathbf{R} \operatorname{Map}(\mathcal{S}, \rho^* \mathcal{V}_d^\times) \simeq \mathbf{R} \operatorname{Map}(\rho_! \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{V}_d^\times)$ .
- Compute  $\rho_! \mathcal{S}$ .
- $\mathbf{R} \operatorname{Map}(\rho_! \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{V}_d^\times) \simeq \mathbf{R} \operatorname{Map}(\iota^* \rho_! \mathcal{S}, \iota^* \mathcal{V}_d^\times)$ . ( $C^\infty$  Kister–Mazur)

# How to compute $\rho_! S$ ?

Notation:

- $\mathbf{FEmbCart}_d$ : Objects  $D_U = (\mathbf{R}^d \times U \rightarrow U)$ , morphisms: fiberwise open embeddings.
- $\mathfrak{FEmbCart}_d$ : Objects  $\mathfrak{D}_U$ , space of morphisms.
- $\rho: \mathbf{FEmbCart}_d \rightarrow \mathfrak{FEmbCart}_d$ : inclusion.
- $\rho_!: Sh(\mathbf{FEmbCart}_d) \rightarrow Sh(\mathfrak{FEmbCart}_d)$ : left Kan extension.

Computation:

- $\rho_! S = \rho_! \operatorname{hocolim}_{D_U \rightarrow S} Y(D_U) = \operatorname{hocolim}_{D_U \rightarrow S} Y(\mathfrak{D}_U)$ .
- Evaluate on  $\mathfrak{D}_W$ :

$$(\rho_! S)(\mathfrak{D}_W) = \operatorname{hocolim}_{D_U \rightarrow S} \mathfrak{FEmbCart}_d(\mathfrak{D}_W, \mathfrak{D}_U).$$

- $\mathfrak{FEmbCart}_d(\mathfrak{D}_W, \mathfrak{D}_U)$  is 1-truncated. Ob:  $\varphi: D_W \rightarrow D_U$ .  
Mor  $\gamma: \varphi \rightarrow \varphi'$ : isotopy classes of isotopies from  $\varphi$  to  $\varphi'$   
(form a  $\mathbf{Z}$ -torsor).

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- Evaluate on  $\mathfrak{D}_W$ :

$$(\rho_! \mathcal{S})(\mathfrak{D}_W) = \operatorname{hocolim}_{D_U \rightarrow \mathcal{S}} \mathfrak{F}\mathfrak{E}\mathfrak{m}\mathfrak{b}\mathfrak{C}\mathfrak{a}\mathfrak{r}\mathfrak{t}_d(\mathfrak{D}_W, \mathfrak{D}_U).$$

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(form a  $\mathbf{Z}$ -torsor).
- Thomason's theorem:  $\operatorname{hocolim}$  computed as the Grothendieck construction  $F$ . Ob:  $D_W \xrightarrow{\varphi} D_U \xrightarrow{g} \mathcal{S}$ . Mor  $(\varphi, g) \rightarrow (\varphi', g')$ :  
 $\beta: D_U \rightarrow D_{U'}: g = g' \beta, \gamma: \beta \varphi \rightarrow \varphi'$ .

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} D_W & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & D_U & \xrightarrow{g} & \mathcal{S} \\ & \searrow \gamma & \downarrow \beta & \nearrow g' & \\ & & D_{U'} & & \end{array}$$

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 & \searrow \gamma & \downarrow \beta & \nearrow g' & \\
 & & D_{U'} & & 
 \end{array}$$

- $\mathrm{BC}^\infty(W, \mathbf{R}^2 \times \widetilde{\mathrm{Conf}}(2))$ . Ob: germ of  $D_W$  around 0. Mor: displacement + automorphism of a germ.

# How to compute $\rho_! \mathcal{S}$ ?

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- $BC^\infty(W, \mathbf{R}^2 \times \widetilde{\text{Conf}}(2))$ . Ob: germ of  $D_W$  around 0. Mor: displacement + automorphism of a germ.
- Projection functor  $\pi: F \rightarrow BC^\infty(W, \mathbf{R}^2 \times \widetilde{\text{Conf}}(2))$ .
  - $(\varphi, g) \mapsto$  germ of  $D_W$  around 0.
  - $(\beta, \gamma) \mapsto B: W \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^2 \times \widetilde{\text{Conf}}(2)$

# How to compute $\rho_! \mathcal{S}$ ?

- Grothendieck construction  $F$ :

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- Projection functor  $\pi: F \rightarrow \mathrm{BC}^\infty(W, \mathbf{R}^2 \rtimes \widetilde{\mathrm{Conf}}(2))$ .
  - $(\varphi, g) \mapsto$  germ of  $D_W$  around 0.
  - $(\beta, \gamma) \mapsto B: W \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^2 \rtimes \widetilde{\mathrm{Conf}}(2)$
  - $(\varphi')^{-1}\gamma$  is an isotopy class of isotopies  $(\varphi')^{-1}\beta\varphi \rightarrow \mathrm{id}_{D_W}$ .
  - $W \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^2$ : the displacement of the origin.
  - $W \rightarrow \widetilde{\mathrm{Conf}}(2)$ : the germ of embedding + winding number.

# How to compute $\rho_! S$ ?

- Grothendieck construction  $F$ :

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} D_W & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & D_U & \xrightarrow{g} & S \\ & \searrow \gamma & \downarrow \beta & \nearrow g' & \\ & & D_{U'} & & \end{array}$$

Diagram illustrating the Grothendieck construction  $F$ . It shows a commutative triangle with nodes  $D_W$ ,  $D_U$ ,  $D_{U'}$  and  $S$ . The arrows are labeled  $\varphi$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $g$ ,  $g'$ , and  $\varphi'$ .

- $BC^\infty(W, \mathbf{R}^2 \rtimes \widetilde{\text{Conf}}(2))$ . Ob: germ of  $D_W$  around 0. Mor: displacement + automorphism of a germ.
- Projection functor  $\pi: F \rightarrow BC^\infty(W, \mathbf{R}^2 \rtimes \widetilde{\text{Conf}}(2))$ .
  - $(\varphi, g) \mapsto$  germ of  $D_W$  around 0.
  - $(\beta, \gamma) \mapsto B: W \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^2 \rtimes \widetilde{\text{Conf}}(2)$
  - $(\varphi')^{-1}\gamma$  is an isotopy class of isotopies  $(\varphi')^{-1}\beta\varphi \rightarrow \text{id}_{D_W}$ .
  - $W \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^2$ : the displacement of the origin.
  - $W \rightarrow \widetilde{\text{Conf}}(2)$ : the germ of embedding + winding number.
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# How to compute $\rho_! \mathcal{S}$ ?

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- **Theorem:**  $(\rho_! \mathcal{S})(\mathcal{D}_W) \simeq \mathrm{BC}^\infty(W, \mathbf{R}^2 \rtimes \widetilde{\mathrm{Conf}}(2))$ .
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# Applications (current)

- Consequence of the GCH: smooth [invertible](#) FFTs are classified by the smooth [Madsen–Tillmann spectrum](#). (Previous work: Galatius–Madsen–Tillmann–Weiss, Bökstedt–Madsen, Schommer-Pries.)
- The [Stolz–Teichner conjecture](#): concordance classes of extended FFTs have a classifying space. (Proof: Locality + the [smooth Oka principle](#) (Berwick-Evans–Boavida de Brito–P.).
- Construction of power operations on the level of FFTs (extending Barthel–Berwick-Evans–Stapleton).
- (Grady) The [Freed–Hopkins conjecture](#) (Conjecture 8.37 in *Reflection positivity and invertible topological phases*)

# Applications (ongoing)

- Construction of **prequantum** FFTs from geometric/topological data. Differential characteristic classes as FFTs. (cf. Berthomieu 2008; Bunke–Schick 2010; Bunke 2010).
- Atiyah–Singer index invariants (index,  $\eta$ -invariant, determinant line, index gerbe) as a fully extended FFT (cf. Bunke 2002; Hopkins–Singer 2002; Bunke–Schick 2007).
- **Quantization** of functorial field theories. Examples: 2d Yang–Mills.

# Example: the prequantum Chern–Simons theory (1)

Input data:

- $G$ : a Lie group;
- $\mathcal{S} = B_{\nabla} G$  (fiberwise principal  $G$ -bundles with connection);
- $\mathcal{V} = B^3 U(1)$  (a single  $k$ -morphism for  $k < 3$ ; 3-morphisms are  $U(1)$  as a Lie group).

Output data: a fully extended 3-dimensional  $G$ -gauged FFT:

$$\mathfrak{Bord}_3^{B_{\nabla} G} \rightarrow B^3 U(1).$$

- Closed 3-manifold  $M \mapsto$  the Chern–Simons action of  $M$ ;
- Closed 2-manifold  $B \mapsto$  the prequantum line bundle of  $B$ ;
- Closed 1-manifold  $C \mapsto$  the Wess–Zumino–Witten gerbe ( $B$ -field) of  $C$  (Carey–Johnson–Murray–Stevenson–Wang);
- Point  $\mapsto$  the Chern–Simons 2-gerbe (Waldorf).

## Example: the prequantum Chern–Simons theory (2)

**Step 1** Compute  $\mathcal{V}_3^\times = (\mathrm{B}^3\mathrm{U}(1))_3^\times$ .

**Step 1a**  $W$  is the **fiberwise** Deligne complex of  $T \rightarrow U$ :

$$W(T \rightarrow U) = \Omega^3 \leftarrow \Omega^2 \leftarrow \Omega^1 \leftarrow C^\infty(T, \mathrm{U}(1)).$$

**Step 1b**  $W \rightarrow \mathcal{V}_3^\times$ : a fiberwise 3-form  $\omega$  on  $T \rightarrow U$   
 $\mapsto$  framed FFT: 3-bordism  $B \mapsto \exp(\int_B \omega)$ .

**Step 1c** The composition

$$W(T \rightarrow U) \rightarrow \mathcal{V}_3^\times(T \rightarrow U) \rightarrow \mathcal{V}^\times(U) = \mathrm{B}^3\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{fconst}}^\infty(T, \mathrm{U}(1))$$

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**Step 2** Construct a point in

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{R} \operatorname{Map}(B_{\nabla} G, W) \\ &= \mathbf{R} \operatorname{Map}(\Omega^1(-, \mathfrak{g}) // C^\infty(-, G), B^3C_{\text{fconst}}^\infty(-, U(1))). \end{aligned}$$

(Brylinski–McLaughlin 1996, Fiorenza–Sati–Schreiber 2013)

**Step 2'** Even better: can compute the whole space  $\mathbf{R} \operatorname{Map}(B_{\nabla} G, W)$ .

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# Quantization of functorial field theories

$X$ : the prequantum geometric structure

$Y$ : the quantum geometric structure (e.g., a point)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathrm{FFT}_{d,\mathcal{V}}(X) & \xrightarrow[\simeq]{\mathrm{GCH}} & \mathbf{R} \mathrm{Map}(X, \mathcal{V}_d^\times) \\ \downarrow f & & \downarrow Q \\ \mathrm{FFT}_{d,\mathcal{V}}(Y) & \xrightarrow[\mathrm{GCH}]{\simeq} & \mathbf{R} \mathrm{Map}(Y, \mathcal{V}_d^\times) \end{array}$$

$d = 1$ : recover the  $\mathrm{Spin}^c$  geometric quantization when  $X$  is a smooth manifold,  $Y = \mathrm{Riem}_{1|1}$ ,  $\mathcal{V} = \text{Fredholm complexes}$ .